Inmate to Correctional Officer (CO) Ratio

The Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 (P.L. 118-42), states, "The agreement adopts the directive in the Senate report on "Hiring and Staff Reports." In addition, the agreement directs the Department to coordinate with the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) to enable expedited hiring for BOP facilities with vacancy rates exceeding 10 percent and to make use of recruitment and retention bonuses. The agreement instructs BOP to describe such efforts in the report."

The FY 2024 Senate Report (Report 118-62) accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 (P.L. 118-42), states, "The Committee directs BOP to submit quarterly hiring and staffing reports, including correctional officer to inmate ratios from Pay Period 26–2016 to the present for the OPM position classification standard Correctional Officer Series GS–0007, broken out by region; institution, to include an additional subset for each facility within an institutional complex; and security level, no later than 90 days after enactment of this act. For further transparency, this data is also directed to be published on BOP's website. As BOP previously notified the Committee that it does not currently record staffing by shift (i.e., morning watch, day watch, and evening watch), the Bureau shall start recording this data and include these metrics in this report by the end of the current fiscal year. For any institution with a staffing ratio greater than 15:1 and in which there has been an incident involving deadly force, BOP shall provide a separate, detailed explanation of the role staffing may or may not have played in the incident along with a corrective plan to ensure it will not happen again."

Report

During the fourth quarter of FY 2024, there were nine institutions with an inmate-to-CO ratio greater than 15:1. The institutions were FPC Duluth, FCI Fort Dix, FCC Beaumont, FPC Bryan, FCI Seagoville, FCI Edgefield, FPC Montgomery, FPC Pensacola, and FCC Lompoc.

The BOP has made the hiring of additional COs a system-wide priority, and at three of the nine institutions staffing has increased during the quarter. However, the inmate population at six of the nine institutions has also increased during the quarter. The BOP continues to strive to maintain the desired levels between inmate populations and staffing at each institution.

This report also includes data on staffing by shift. Many of the by-shift staffing ratios are higher than the institution-level ratios, due to how the different ratios are calculated and the critical need to staff more COs during peak operational times.

The overall inmate-to-CO ratio is calculated using the number of onboard COs and the number of inmates at the institution. For example, for FCI Fort Dix, there were 188 COs on-board and 4,021 inmates as of September 30, 2024, producing the 21.4:1 ratio.

A search of all Report of Incidents revealed there was no use of deadly force from July 1, 2024, to September 30, 2024.

The BOP will publish this data on its website: www.bop.gov.

REGION	SECURITY LEVEL	INSTITUTION	INMATE TO CORRECTIONAI OFFICERS RATIO	
MID-ATLANTIC			OFFICERS RATIO	
MID-ATLANTIC	MINIMUM			
	IVIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VI	ALDERSON	13.9	
		MORGANTOWN	6.6	
	LOW			
		ASHLAND	10.9	
		MEMPHIS	13.2	
	MEDIUM			
		BECKLEY	12.3	
		CUMBERLAND	8.2	
		GILMER	10.4	
		MANCHESTER	8.2	
		MCDOWELL	11.2	
	HIGH			
		BIG SANDY	5.6	
		LEE COUNTY	5.7	
	COMPLEY	MCCREARY	6.2	
	COMPLEX	BUTNER COMPLEX	9.2	
		HAZELTON COMPLEX	9.8	
		PETERSBURG COMPLEX	11.0	
	MEDICAL	I ETERSBURG COMI LEX	11.0	
	WILDICAL	LEXINGTON	9.1	
		EETHIGIGIT	7.1	
ORTH CENTRAL				
	MINIMUM			
		DULUTH	22.8	
		YANKTON	14.5	
	LOW			
		ENGLEWOOD	9.0	
		MILAN	11.1	
		OXFORD	10.8	
		SANDSTONE	10.7	
		THOMSON	11.4	
	MEDITIM	WASECA	12.6	
	MEDIUM	CDEENVILLE	11 0	
		GREENVILLE	11.0 11.8	
		LEAVENWORTH MARION	11.8	
		PEKIN	11.3	
		I LIMIN	11.3	
	COMPLEX	+		
	Sim LLA	FLORENCE COMPLEX	5.5	
		TERRE HAUTE COMPLEX	7.5	
	MEDICAL		,	
		ROCHESTER	6.9	
		SPRINGFIELD	5.2	

In	Inmate to Correctional Officers Ratio (as of September 30, 2024)					
			INMATE TO CORRECTIONAL			
REGION	SECURITY LEVEL	INSTITUTION	OFFICERS RATIO			
NORTHEAST						
	LOW					
		DANBURY	10.5			
		ELKTON	13.4			
		FORT DIX	21.4			
		LORETTO	7.8			
	MEDIUM					
		BERLIN	10.1			
		FAIRTON	6.5			
		LEWISBURG	6.1			
		MCKEAN	11.3			
		OTISVILLE	7.9			
		RAY BROOK	10.0			
	HIGH	SCHUYLKILL	13.6			
_	пип	CANAAN	5.6			
	COMPLEX	CANAAN	3.0			
	COMPLEX	ALLENWOOD				
		COMPLEX	6.8			
	MEDICAL					
		DEVENS	6.2			
	DETENTION					
		BROOKLYN	5.2			
		NEW YORK	0.0			
		PHILADELPHIA	8.6			
SOUTH CENTRAL						
	MINIMUM					
		BRYAN	20.1			
	LOW					
		BASTROP	14.3			
		BIG SPRING	10.4			
		LA TUNA	5.9			
		SEAGOVILLE	15.8			
		TEXARKANA	12.0			
	MEDIUM	EL DENO	10.4			
		EL RENO	10.4			
	COMPLEY	THREE RIVERS	11.8			
	COMPLEX	BEAUMONT				
		COMPLEX	15.3			
		FORREST CITY	15.5			
		COMPLEX	15.0			
		OAKDALE COMPLEX	9.9			
		POLLOCK COMPLEX	8.3			
	MEDICAL					
		CARSWELL	8.2			
		FORT WORTH	12.1			
	DETENTION					
		HOUSTON	6.9			
		OKLAHOMA CITY	9.8			

Inmate to Correctional Officers Ratio (as of September 30, 2024)						
REGION	SECURITY LEVEL	INSTITUTION	INMATE TO CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS RATIO			
SOUTHEAST						
00011121121	MINIMUM					
	17111 (1171 0 171	MONTGOMERY	23.5			
		PENSACOLA	15.4			
	LOW	ENGILEGEIT	13.1			
	20 11	ALICEVILLE	14.9			
		ATLANTA	9.9			
		ESTILL	0.6			
		MIAMI FCI	9.1			
		TALLAHASSEE	9.1			
	MEDIUM	TALLAHASSEE	9.1			
_	MEDIUM	BENNETTSVILLE	1.4.5			
		•	14.5			
		EDGEFIELD	16.9			
		JESUP	10.7			
		MARIANNA	9.3			
		TALLADEGA	12.4			
	GOL ON THE	WILLIAMSBURG	11.0			
	COMPLEX					
		COLEMAN COMPLEX	9.2			
		YAZOO CITY	12.6			
	DETENTION	COMPLEX	12.6			
	DETENTION	GILLIBA DO				
		GUAYNABO	6.6			
		MIAMI FDC	7.0			
WESTERN						
	LOW					
		DUBLIN	0.0			
		SAFFORD	7.4			
		TERMINAL ISLAND	7.7			
	MEDIUM					
		HERLONG	12.7			
		MENDOTA	6.2			
		PHOENIX	9.8			
		SHERIDAN	12.0			
	HIGH					
		ATWATER	5.4			
	COMPLEX					
		LOMPOC COMPLEX	15.7			
		TUCSON COMPLEX	4.3			
		VICTORVILLE				
		COMPLEX	9.0			
	DETENTION					
		HONOLULU	2.5			
		LOS ANGELES	5.8			
		SAN DIEGO	6.8			
		SEATAC	7.5			

^{*}As of September 30, 2024, there were 42 Camp Inmates at FCI Estill. Only Camp inmates have returned to FCI Estill. All other inmates were relocated to other BOP facilities due to damages sustained during a tornado in April 2020.

The BOP is actively recruiting and hiring throughout the Bureau and undertaking staff retention efforts. On May 13, 2024, the BOP was approved for Nationwide Direct Hire Authority by the Office of Personnel Management for Correctional Officers, GL-0007-05/06/07/08. The BOP offers recruitment and relocation incentives ranging from 10 to 25 percent of salary for Correctional Officers. Since March 26, 2023, a nationwide recruitment incentive for Correctional Officers of \$10,000 or 25 percent of base salary (whichever is greater) has been offered. Further, the BOP has contracted with a consultant to market and brand the BOP to attract more candidates. In Q4 of FY 2024, 51 local recruitment events have been attended, specifically targeting the nine institutions with a staffing ratio greater than 15:1. The two areas with the highest amounts of events were FCC Lompoc and FCI Fort Dix, with 21 and 18 events, respectively. At FCI Edgefield, FCI Fort Dix, and FCC Lompoc, all staff receive a 10 percent in retention incentive.

Information on the institutions with a staffing ratio greater than 15:1 during the fourth quarter of FY 2024 is below.

- FCI Fort Dix Low: Inmate population decreased by 77 and Correctional Officer staffing increased by six during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in a decrease of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 22.5 to 21.4 (1.1 decrease).
- FPC Bryan Minimum: Inmate population decreased by 18 and Correctional Officer staffing remained the same during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in a decrease of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 20.6 to 20.1 (0.5 decrease).
- FPC Duluth Minimum: Inmate population increased by 58 and Correctional Officer staffing increased by 3 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in a decrease of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 23.2 to 22.8 (0.4 decrease).
- FPC Montgomery Minimum: Inmate population increased by 31 and Correctional Officer staffing decreased by 1 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in an increase of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 21.9 to 23.5 (1.6 increase).
- FCI Edgefield Medium: Inmate population decreased by 74 and Correctional Officer staffing decreased by 3 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in a decrease of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 17.1 to 16.9 (0.2 decrease).
- FCC Lompoc Complex: Inmate population increased by 32 and Correctional Officer staffing increased by 16 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in a decrease of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 17.0 to 15.7 (1.3 decrease).
- FCC Beaumont Complex: Inmate population increased by 122 and Correctional Officer staffing decreased by 13 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in an increase of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 14.4 to 15.3 (0.9 increase).
- FCI Seagoville Low: Inmate population increased by 19 and Correctional Officer staffing decreased by 6 during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in an increase of inmate to Correctional Officer ratio from 14.8 to 15.8 (1.0 increase).
- FPC Pensacola Minium: Inmate population increased by 50 and Correctional Officer staffing remained the same during quarter four of FY 2024. This resulted in an increase of inmate to Correctional Officer ration from 13.9 to 15.4 (1.5 increase).

Inmate-to-Correctional Officer Ratio by Shift

The system-wide inmate-to-Correctional Officer ratio of 9:1 has a very different meaning in an operational context. Given daily shifts, the number of staff present in an institution varies based on the time of day and the day of the week.

The BOP has six total shifts, including three Weekday and three Weekend shifts. Morning Watch is from 12 a.m. to 8 a.m., Day Watch is from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., and Evening Watch is from 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. The following chart lists the Correctional Officer by shift, based on the Correctional Officer Roster as of the end of the fourth quarter of FY 2024.

FACILITY		WEEK DAYS			WEEKENDS	
	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH
Alderson FPC	5	14	5	5	7	5
Ashland FCI	19	33	23	19	23	23
Beckley FCI	21	55	32	21	40	32
Big Sandy USP	34	78	52	34	60	46
Butner Med I	19	35	21	19	26	21
Butner Med II	16	46	27	16	30	26
Butner Low	13	27	19	13	18	19
Butner FMC	25	59	36	25	33	29
Cumberland FCI	14	37	22	14	27	21
Gilmer FCI	16	39	26	16	31	26
Hazelton USP	31	56	41	31	41	41
Hazelton FCI	15	37	27	15	28	26
Hazelton SFF	9	20	14	9	17	14
Lee County USP	35	65	48	35	52	48
Lexington FMC	20	60	27	19	28	25
Manchester FCI	15	40	20	17	27	24
McCreary USP	34	63	47	34	54	46
McDowell FCI	16	53	29	16	32	26
Memphis FCI	17	33	24	17	23	24
Morgantown FCI	9	19	11	9	13	11
Petersburg Med	15	51	31	15	33	16
Petersburg Low	17	31	22	17	28	17

FACILITY		WEEK DAYS		WEEKENDS			
1.10,22.11	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	
Chicago MCC (8-hr)*	10	30	18	10	25	16	
Chicago MCC (12-hr)*	0	2	0	0	0	0	
Duluth FPC (8-hr)*	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Duluth FPC (12-hr)*	5	5	5	5	6	5	
Englewood FCI	18	43	26	18	22	23	
Florence ADX	32	83	45	33	51	44	
Florence USP (8-hr)*	25	65	42	25	46	40	
Florence FCI	13	46	24	13	29	22	
Greenville FCI	15	39	23	15	26	22	
Leavenworth USP	19	54	32	19	38	32	
Marion USP	21	43	25	20	33	25	
Milan FCI	25	47	30	24	33	28	
Oxford FCI	14	39	21	14	29	21	
Pekin FCI	14	39	22	14	27	23	
Rochester FMC	18	42	23	18	26	21	
Sandstone FCI	17	33	21	17	24	21	
Springfield MCFP	28	74	36	28	42	36	
Terre Haute USP	37	86	54	36	62	50	
Terre Haute FCI	21	47	30	21	35	29	
Thomson AUSP	18	64	37	18	39	35	
Waseca FCI	12	25	15	13	18	14	
Yankton FPC	5	11	6	5	7	5	

^{*}The following institutions are utilizing 12-hour and 8-hour shifts to cover all posts: MCC Chicago, FPC Duluth and USP Florence.

FACILITY		WEEK DAYS		WEEKENDS			
111012111	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	
Allenwood USP	30	85	50	41	48	41	
Allenwood Med	18	52	25	17	28	26	
Allenwood Low	14	35	20	13	19	20	
Berlin FCI	16	50	31	16	36	25	
Brooklyn MDC (8-hr)*	4	40	25	8	21	17	
Brooklyn MDC (12-hr)*	27	27	0	27	27	0	
Canaan USP	35	78	53	34	54	47	
Danbury FCI	20	48	24	18	33	22	
Devens FMC	24	75	47	22	42	28	
Elkton FCI	21	62	27	19	30	22	
Fairton FCI	16	45	29	16	31	26	
Fort Dix FCI	30	76	38	29	51	36	
Lewisburg FCI	27	73	42	30	56	39	
Loretto FCI	14	33	19	14	21	17	
McKean FCI (8-hr)*	12	27	23	13	20	15	
McKean FCI (12-hr)*	0	8	0	0	8	0	
New York MCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Otisville FCI	16	50	28	16	26	26	
Philadelphia FDC	17	42	27	17	26	24	
Ray Brook FCI (8-hr)*	0	6	0	0	0	0	
Ray Brook FCI (12-hr)*	40	0	28	40	0	28	
Schuylkill FCI	14	45	25	18	27	21	

^{*}The following institutions are utilizing 12-hour and 8-hour shifts to cover all posts: MDC Brooklyn, FCI McKean and FCI Ray Brook.

FACILITY		WEEK DAYS		WEEKENDS			
TACIETT	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	
Bastrop FCI	12	30	19	12	22	19	
Beaumont USP	31	75	44	31	52	40	
Beaumont Med	15	44	22	15	34	16	
Beaumont Low	16	35	24	16	32	18	
Big Spring FCI	17	37	21	17	27	22	
Bryan FPC	6	16	6	6	9	6	
Carswell FMC	18	39	27	20	29	27	
El Reno FCI	15	35	26	15	25	25	
Forrest City Med	15	48	24	15	29	23	
Forrest City Low	16	36	26	17	28	24	
Fort Worth FMC	16	40	22	16	26	20	
Houston FDC	15	39	24	15	26	19	
La Tuna FCI	14	36	18	15	22	17	
Oakdale FCC	26	67	45	25	54	44	
Oklahoma City FTC	25	52	32	22	31	28	
Pollock USP	33	71	50	33	53	33	
Pollock FCI	14	44	26	14	31	25	
Seagoville FCI	20	38	26	20	32	24	
Texarkana FCI	14	32	19	15	27	19	
Three Rivers FCI	14	36	24	14	28	22	

FACILITY		WEEK DAYS		WEEKENDS		
TACIBIT I	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH
Aliceville FCI	17	53	30	17	39	30
Atlanta FCI	28	65	42	27	39	42
Bennettsville FCI	17	47	29	17	33	29
Coleman USP I	33	71	49	33	52	48
Coleman USP II	33	69	48	33	51	45
Coleman Med	15	50	27	15	32	26
Coleman Low	16	46	30	16	28	30
Edgefield FCI	16	43	29	16	32	27
Estill FCI	7	20	8	7	11	08
Guaynabo MDC	23	47	32	21	33	30
Jesup FCI	22	59	31	22	40	31
Marianna FCI	19	52	28	19	34	28
Miami FCI	16	42	22	16	27	22
Miami FDC	19	47	32	19	30	32
Montgomery FPC	4	15	4	4	7	4
Pensacola FPC	5	17	6	5	9	6
Talladega FCI	16	45	28	16	28	28
Tallahassee FCI	21	49	27	21	29	27
Williamsburg FCI	17	55	29	17	38	29
Yazoo City USP	16	58	30	16	35	30
Yazoo City Med	16	46	26	16	39	26
Yazoo City Low	17	44	30	17	35	30

FACILITY	WEEK DAYS			WEEKENDS			
TACILIT I	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	MORNING WATCH	DAY WATCH	EVENING WATCH	
Atwater USP (8-hr)*	35	74	46	35	57	45	
Dublin FCI	12	30	19	12	20	18	
Herlong FCI (12-hr)*	15	27	7	15	27	7	
Honolulu FDC	12	31	18	12	19	18	
Lompoc FCI II	22	39	26	22	27	26	
Lompoc FCI I	10	21	12	10	13	11	
Los Angeles MDC	15	36	22	14	24	22	
Mendota FCI	15	29	25	15	42	25	
Phoenix FCI	17	44	23	17	30	23	
Safford FCI	14	26	17	14	18	17	
San Diego MCC	17	37	22	16	25	22	
SeaTac FDC	15	31	35	15	24	20	
Sheridan FCI (8-hr)*	4	19	2	4	5	2	
Sheridan FCI (12-hr)*	0	49	42	0	39	31	
Terminal Island FCI	29	52	38	25	33	29	
Tucson USP	35	68	48	35	50	43	
Tucson FCI	11	24	42	11	21	17	
Victorville USP	34	71	50	35	49	48	
Victorville I	15	43	28	15	33	27	
Victorville II	15	44	28	14	32	27	

^{*}The following institutions are utilizing 12-hour and 8-hour shifts to cover all posts: USP Atwater, FCI Herlong and FCI Sheridan.